Candidate surname			ring your candidate information Other names
Pearson Edexcel nternational Advanced Level	Centre	Number	Candidate Number
Thursday 14	Ma		
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minu	utes)	Paper Re	eference WME01/01
Mathematics International Advance Mechanics M1	ed Sub	osidiary	/Advanced Level

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take g = 9.8 m s⁻², and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

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1.	Two particles, P and Q , with masses m and $2m$ respectively, are moving in the same direction along the same straight line when they collide directly. Immediately before they collide, P is moving with speed $4u$ and Q is moving with speed u . Immediately after they collide, both particles are moving in the same direction and the speed of Q is four times the speed of P .	
	(a) Find the speed of Q immediately after the collision.	
	(3)	
	(b) Find the magnitude of the impulse exerted by Q on P in the collision. (3)	
	(c) State clearly the direction of this impulse. (1)	
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2.	A small ball is thrown vertically upwards with speed $14.7 \mathrm{m s^{-1}}$ from a point that is 19.6 m above horizontal ground. The ball is modelled as a particle moving freely under gravity.	
	Find	
	(a) the total time from when the ball is thrown to when it first hits the ground, (4)	
	(b) the speed of the ball immediately before it first hits the ground, (3)	
	(c) the total distance travelled by the ball from when it is thrown to when it first hits the ground.	
	(4)	
	(d) Sketch a velocity-time graph for the motion of the ball from when it is thrown to when it first hits the ground.	
	State the coordinates of the start point and the coordinates of the end point of your graph.	
	(3)	
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Question 2 continued	

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A particle of mass 10 kg is placed on a fixed rough inclined plane. The plane is inclined to the horizontal at an angle α , where $\tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$. The particle is held in equilibrium by a force of magnitude *P* newtons, which acts up the plane, as shown in Figure 1. The line of action of the force lies in a vertical plane that contains a line of greatest slope of the plane. The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is $\frac{1}{2}$.

(a) Find the normal reaction between the particle and the plane.

(b) Find the greatest possible value of *P*.

(c) Find the least possible value of P.

3.

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Figure 2

A non-uniform beam AB has length 8 m and mass M kg.

The centre of mass of the beam is d metres from A.

The beam is supported in equilibrium in a horizontal position by two vertical light ropes. One rope is attached to the beam at *C*, where AC = 2.5 m and the other rope is attached to the beam at *D*, where DB = 2 m, as shown in Figure 2.

A gymnast, of mass 64 kg, stands on the beam at the point X, where AX = 1.875 m, and the beam remains in equilibrium in a horizontal position but is now on the point of tilting about C.

The gymnast then dismounts from the beam.

A second gymnast, of mass 48 kg, now stands on the beam at the point *Y*, where YB = 0.5 m, and the beam remains in equilibrium in a horizontal position but is now on the point of tilting about *D*.

The beam is modelled as a non-uniform rod and the gymnasts are modelled as particles.

Find the value of *M*.

(8)



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5. A particle P is moving in a plane with constant acceleration. The velocity, $\mathbf{v} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{s}^{-1}$, of P at time t seconds is given by]
$\mathbf{v} = (7 - 5t)\mathbf{i} + (12t - 20)\mathbf{j}$	
(a) Find the speed of P when $t = 2$	3)
(b) Find, to the nearest degree, the size of the angle between the direction of motion of and the vector \mathbf{j} , when $t = 2$	P
-	3)
The constant acceleration of P is $\mathbf{a} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-2}$	
(c) Find a in terms of i and j (a)	3)
(d) Find the value of t when P is moving in the direction of the vector $(-5i + 8j)$	4)
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Question 5 continued	

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A railway engine of mass 1500kg is attached to a railway truck of mass 500kg by a straight rigid coupling. The engine pushes the truck up a straight track, which is inclined to the horizontal at an angle α , where $\sin \alpha = \frac{7}{25}$. The coupling is parallel to the track and parallel to the direction of motion, as shown in Figure 3.

parallel to the direction of motion, as shown in Figure 3.

The engine produces a constant driving force of magnitude D newtons. The engine and the truck experience constant resistances to motion, from non-gravitational forces, of magnitude 1200N and 500N respectively.

The thrust in the coupling is 2000 N.

The coupling is modelled as a light rod.

(a) Find the acce	leration of the engine and the truck.
(b) Find the value	e of <i>D</i> .
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Figure 3

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Figure 4

One end of a light inextensible string is attached to a particle A of mass 5m. The other end of the string is attached to a particle B of mass 3m. The string passes over a small, smooth, light fixed pulley. Particle A is held at rest with the string taut and the hanging parts of the string vertical, as shown in Figure 4.

Particle A is released.

7.

(a) Find, in terms of m and g, the magnitude of the force exerted on the pulley by the string while A is falling and before B hits the pulley.

(8)

(b) State how, in your solution to part (a), you have used the fact that the pulley is smooth. (1)



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(Total 8 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER = 75 MARKS	
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